B12 DEFICIENCY
SCREEN. TREAT. PROTECT YOUR HEALTH.

B12 deficiency is more common than you think, and is directly associated with both hematological and neurological changes, including:

- memory impairment
- early dementia
- depression
- megaloblastic anemia
- irreversible nerve damage

Up to 90% of people with a clinically relevant B12 deficiency have neurological disorders.

B12 deficiency is directly associated with neurological conditions including:

- Loss of cognitive function
- Depression
- Dementia
- Cerebrovascular disease
- Psychosis

Over 1.1 million adults have pernicious anemia, a leading cause of B12 deficiency.

An Oxford University study showed that taking B12 may significantly reduce the risk of brain atrophy that occurs in the elderly.

B12 deficiency may be associated with movement disorders in adults and children, including parkinsonism, focal dystonia, chorea, or blepharospasm.

For more information including customers testimonials about Eligen B12, or to make a purchase, please visit eligenb12.com or amazon.com.